

# KATIHAR ENGINEERING COLLEGE, KATIHAR

## CIVIL ENGINEERING, 2<sup>nd</sup> Year (Semester-IV)

**Subject: Introduction to Solid Mechanics**

**Max. Marks: 05**

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### Assignment-II

**Q.1** A seamless pipe with 80 cm diameter carries a fluid under a pressure of 2 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. If the permissible tensile stress is 100 N/mm<sup>2</sup>, the minimum thickness of the pipe is

- (a) 2 mm                      (b) 4 mm                      (c) 8 mm                      (d) 16 mm

**Q.2** A thin cylinder shell of diameter  $d$ , length  $l$  and thickness  $t$  is subjected to an internal pressure  $p$ . What is the ratio of longitudinal strain to hoop strain in terms of Poisson's ratio  $\nu$  is

- (a)  $\frac{\nu-2}{2\nu-1}$                       (b)  $\frac{1-2\nu}{2-\nu}$                       (c)  $\frac{2\nu-1}{2+\nu}$                       (d)  $\frac{\nu-2}{2\nu+1}$

**Q.3** A horizontal shaft 12m in length is fixed at its ends (left fixed end is A and right fixed end B). When viewed from its left end axial couples of 50 kN-m clockwise and 75 kN-m counter clockwise act at 5m and 9m from the left end respectively. The fixed end couple at A is ----- kN-m and at B is ----- kN-m.

**Q.4** A steel shaft is subjected to a torque of 2000 kg-m and a twisting moment of 1000kg-m. If the diameter of shaft is 10 cm then maximum principal stress is ----- kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, minimum principal stress is ----- kg/cm<sup>2</sup> and maximum shear stress is ----- kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

**Q.5** A cylindrical piece of steel 80 mm diameter and 120 mm long is subjected to an axial compressive force of 50,000kg. What is the change in volume (in cm<sup>3</sup>) of the piece if bulk modulus =  $1.7 \times 10^6$  kg/cm<sup>2</sup> and Poisson's ratio = 0.3 is

- (a) 0.1176                      (b) 0.2156                      (c) 0.2134                      (d) 0.3124

**Q.6** A simply supported beam of rectangular cross section of size 200 x 300 mm (deep) supports a uniformly distributed load of 6 kN/m over an effective span of 4.0 m. The value of maximum principal stress (in N/mm<sup>2</sup>) is ----- if the shear stress is 0.2 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

**Q.7** A cantilever beam with circular cross section of radius 100 mm is subjected to a uniformly distributed load over the entire span. It is given that the deflected shape of the beam has a maximum curvature of  $1.018592 \times 10^{-6}$  mm<sup>-1</sup> and a maximum shear force of 1 kN. The value of loading intensity (in kN/m) is ----- and span length is ----- m if  $E = 2 \times 10^5$  MPa.

**Q.8** A simply supported rectangular beam of L carries a udl over its entire length. What the value of critical length at which the shearing stress is  $\tau$  and bending stress (flexural stress)  $\sigma$  reach their allowable value simultaneously. The breadth of the beam section is b and the depth is d and shear force V ( $\tau_{\max} = 1.5 V/bd$ )

- (a) 0.51 L                      (b) 0.191 L                      (c) 0.42L                      (d) 0.11 L

**Q.9** The equation for the deflected shape of a beam carrying a uniformly distributed load (in kN/m) and simply supported at the ends is given below:

$$y = \frac{1}{EI} (-2x^3 + x^4/6 + 36x)$$

The value of load intensity in kN/m is -----and the position where shear force is zero is -----m

**Q.10** The stresses in a flat steel plate in a condition of plane stress are:

$$\sigma_x = 10,000 \text{ N/mm}^2, \sigma_y = -6,000 \text{ N/mm}^2 \text{ and } \tau_{xy} = 8000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

The magnitude (in  $\text{N/mm}^2$ ) and orientation (in degree) of the principal stresses in the plane of the plate are respectively

- (a) 12313.7, -1313.7, 22.5                      (b) 13313.7, -9313.71, 22.5  
 (c) 16613.7, -1232.7, 43.5                      (d) 15513.6, -1234.6, 43.5

**Q.11** A propped cantilever beam of length 4 m is subjected to UDL of 30 kN/m over the entire length of the span. If the flexural rigidity of the beam is  $2 \times 10^4 \text{ kN-m}^2$ , the rotation at the propped support of the beam-----degree and the moment developed at the fixed support is (in kN-m) -----

**Q.12** A steel specimen of 12 mm diameter extends by  $6.31 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mm}$  over a gauge length of 150 mm when subjected to an axial load of 10 kN. The same specimen undergoes a twist of  $0.5^\circ$  on a length of 150 mm over a twisting moment of 10 N-m. Using the above data the value of Young's modulus of elasticity ----- $\text{N/mm}^2$ , bulk modulus ----- $\text{N/mm}^2$ , Shear modulus----- $\text{N/mm}^2$  and Poisson's ratio-----

**Q.13** A steel rod, circular in cross-section, tapers from 30 mm diameter to 15 mm diameter over a length of 600 mm. The value of elongation-----mm if it has a pull of 20 kN and young's modulus of elasticity is  $200 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ .

**Q.14** The strain arrangement in a point are  $\epsilon_x = 800$ ,  $\epsilon_y = -1000$ ,  $\phi_{xy} = -600$  the value of normal strain ----- and shear strain -----, major principal strain----- and minimum strain -----

**Q.15** A cantilever of length  $L$  in which uniformly distributed moment “ $M$ ”  $\text{kN-m}$  over the entire span. The value of shear force at fixed support is ----- $\text{kN}$  and bending moment at fixed support is----- $\text{kN-m}$ .

**Happy Learning and Be Safe**