# **KATIHAR ENGINEERING COLLEGE**

## Code: 011513

# **B.Tech 5<sup>th</sup> semester Mid Term Exam**

### **Mechanics of Solid-II**

#### Time: 2 hours

#### Full Marks: 20

1x4 = 04

#### Instructor: Prof. Rashid Mustafa

Instructions: Answer any five question in which question number 1 is compulsory

The marks are indicated in the right- hand margin

1. Choose and write the correct option

(i) Two long column  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are made of the same material. Column  $C_1$  has both the ends hinged while column  $C_2$  has one end hinged and other end fixed. What is the ratio of the critical load for  $C_1$  to that of  $C_2$  according to the Euler's formula?

(a) 2	(b) 1/2	(c) 4	(d) 1/4
() =	(-)	(-) -	()

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(11) Sot of principal	etrace acting at	t any noint in a	stracead body ara	arvan halow
(ii) Set of principal	sucss acung at	נ מווע ותחות חודמ	SUESSEU DOUV ale	21VCH DEIUW
( <i>)</i> ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	8

1.	{ <i>σ</i> ,0}	2. $\{\sigma, \sigma\}$	3. { <i>σ</i> , - <i>σ</i> }	4. { <i>σ</i> , <i>σ</i> /2}

The correct sequence of the ascending order of intensity of the maximum shear stress induced by the above set will be

(a) 1,4,3,2 (b) 2,1,4,3 (c) 1,3,4,2 (d) 2,4,1,3

(iii) Match **List-I** (Theories of failure) with **List-II** (Failure envelopes) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

	List-I				List-II
A. Maximum Principal stress theory			l stress th	1. Ellipse	
B. Maximum Principal strain theory			l strain tl	2. Square	
C. Maximum shear stress theory			ess theor	3. Rhombus	
D. Maximum strain energy theory			ergy the	4. Hexagon	
Codes	5:				
	Α	В	С	D	
(a)	2	3	4	1	
(b)	1	4	3	2	
(c)	3	2	4	1	

(c) 3 2 4 1(d) 2 3 1 4 (iv)The first invariant of stress  $(I_1)$  is defined as

(a)  $\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{yy} + \sigma_{zz}$  (b) 0.33 ( $\sigma_{xx} + \sigma_{yy} + \sigma_{zz}$ ) (c)  $\sigma_{xx} + \tau_{xy} + \tau_{xz}$  (d) None of these

**2.** The state of stress (in MPa) at a point for a given reference xyz is given below:

 $\begin{array}{cccc} C_{11} = 15 & C_{12} = 8 & C_{13} = -6 \\ C_{21} = 8 & C_{22} = -12 & C_{23} = 5 \\ C_{31} = -6 & C_{32} = 5 & C_{33} = 8 \end{array}$ 

Determine the principal stresses.

**3.** A plane element of a body is subjected to stresses  $(N/mm^2)$  are given below:

 $\sigma_{\rm x}=100, \qquad \sigma_{\rm y}=80, \quad \tau_{\rm xy}=50$ 

Find factor of safety as per Maximum principal stress theory and maximum shear stress theory, if the yield stress is  $200 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and poisons ratio = 0.3 **04** 

**4.** The strain measurements from a rectangular strain rosette were  $\varepsilon_0 = 600 \times 10^{-6}$ ,  $\varepsilon_{45} = 500 \times 10^{-6}$  and  $\varepsilon_{90} = 200 \times 10^{-6}$ . Find the magnitude of principal strains.

**5.** The Cartesian components of stress at a point are given below:

 $\sigma_{xx} = 15$ ,  $\sigma_{yy} = \sigma_{zz} = 8$ ,  $\tau_{xy} = 6$ ,  $\tau_{yz} = 4$ ,  $\tau_{xz} = 4$  MPa. Determine the normal and shear stresses on a plane whose direction cosines are  $1/\sqrt{3}$ ,  $1/\sqrt{3}$ , and  $1/\sqrt{3}$ .

6. What is the difference between Euler's theory and Rankine theory? Also enlist the various assumptions taken by Euler. 04

7. The strain components at a point are given by:

 $\varepsilon_{xx} = 200$ ,  $\varepsilon_{yy} = 100$ ,  $\varepsilon_{zz} = 50\mu$  strains, and  $\Phi_{xy} = \Phi_{yz} = \Phi_{xz} = 40\mu$  radians.

Calculate the normal and shearing strain on a plane having direction cosines  $1/\sqrt{3}$ ,  $1/\sqrt{3}$ , and  $1/\sqrt{3}$ .

## ----End of the paper----

**Note:** Solution of Mid Term Exam (Mechanics of Solid-II) will be uploaded on the college website <u>www.keck.ac.in</u>

04